

biology of invertebrates pechenik pdf

Rotifers have bilateral symmetry and a variety of different shapes. The body of a rotifer is divided into a head, trunk, and foot, and is typically somewhat cylindrical. There is a well-developed cuticle, which may be thick and rigid, giving the animal a box-like shape, or flexible, giving the animal a worm-like shape; such rotifers are respectively called loricate and illoricate.

Rotifer - Wikipedia

Priapulida (priapulid worms, from Gr. *πρίαπος*, *priāpos* 'Priapus' + Lat. -ul-, diminutive), sometimes referred to as penis worms, is a phylum of unsegmented marine worms. The name of the phylum relates to the Greek god of fertility, because their general shape and their extensible spiny introvert (eversible proboscis) may recall the shape of a penis.

Priapulida - Wikipedia

There are two ways that natural and man-made things can use rotation to move around. One way is for the entire thing to roll. The other way is for part of the thing to turn while the rest does not, like a wheel or a propeller. Some living things move around by rolling, but no living things seem to use wheels.

Rolling and wheels in the natural world - Simple English

The same kind of hermit crab can live in a wide variety of shells. Chek Jawa Feb 07 Even a broken shell can be a hermit home. Tanah Merah, Jun 09

Hermit crabs (Anomura) on the Shores of Singapore

Hermit crabs (Anomura) on the Shores of Singapore. The text is mostly illegible due to heavy corruption, but appears to be a list or description of species and their habitats.

